FREEDOM IN EDUCATION.ORG

THE MAN

Turning the Tide

Kevin Mugur Galalae 1 July 2011

Over a period of two years, from June 2009 to June 2011, I have succeeded in the difficult and dangerous task of reverse engineering and exposing the deepest secrets of an industry of oppression whose intentions and methods are fully autocratic and who maintain only a façade of human rights, democracy and the rule of law. Despite being the first human being in history to have stood firm against a global alliance of political and economic forces bent on robbing the world of freedom, justice and democracy, I have achieved considerable success. My efforts and accomplishments will in time be recognized as a turning point.

This article follows nine previous publications that must be read in sequence in order to fully understand the complexity of the issues. They are, in chronological order:

Article 1:

"Covert Censorship at Oxford and Leicester University: CONTEST and State-Sponsored Discrimination", April 2010, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/0/06/Covert Censorship at Oxford and Leicester University.pdf</u> also published in the Romanian newspaper "*Flacăra lui Adrian Păunescu*" April and May 2010 issues.

Article 2:

"The Great Secret: Surveillance and Censorship in Britain and the EU", 25 October 2010, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/4/4d/The_Great_Secret.pdf</u> and at <u>http://www.scribd.com/doc/46050686/The-Great-Secret-Surveillance-and-Censorship-in-Britain-and-the-EU</u>.

Article 3:

"Hands Off Our Children", 12 April 2011, available at: https://wikispooks.com/w/images/4/4a/Hunger_strike_handout.pdf

Article 4:

"Hunger Strike Appeal Letter to Mr. Hammarberg, Council of Europe Commissioner for Human Rights", 19 April 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/2/2f/Kevin Galalae%27s hunger strike appeal letter.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae.htm</u>.

Article 5:

"Message from The Man Outside at 14 Days of Hunger Strike", 25 April 2001, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/3/31/Message from the man outside after 14 days of hunger strike.pdf</u> and at Cryptome as view only. Google: "Cryptome, Galalae, Freedom in Education 2".

Article 6:

"Educating the "Educated": Message From The Man Outside at 21 Days of Hunger Strike", 2 May 2011, available at: https://wikispooks.com/w/images/f/f8/Educating the educated.pdf and at http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae3.pdf.

Article 7:

"Is Commissioner Hammarberg Protecting the Emir of Qatar? Is the Council of Europe Subservient to British Interests?", 9 May 2011, available at:

https://wikispooks.com/w/images/2/28/Is_Commissioner_Hammarberg_Protecting_the_Emir_of_Qatar.pdf and at http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae5.pdf.

Article 8:

"The People's Declaration on Restoring the Powers of the European Court of Human Rights", 9 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/e/e0/THE_PEOPLE%27S_DECLARATION.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae6.pdf</u>.

Article 9:

"Appeal to Reason: Letter to President Obama, Président Sarkozy, Bundeskanzlerin Merkel and Prime Minister Cameron", 9 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/5/5e/APPEAL_TO_REASON.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae4.pdf</u>. "What have you achieved?" Ray¹ asked me and put his papers aside, changing his mind at the last minute about showing me his conclusions. "I want to know what you accomplished with your hunger strike and protest in Strasbourg."

The question could not have come at a better time for on the day before, Wednesday June 22, I had picked up the latest issue of The Economist magazine (June 11-17, 2011) and, as fate would have it, opened it on page 61. There, to my delight, I read the title "*Counter-terrorism and multiculturalism*"² and discovered that the government of the UK "*is revising its approach to dealing with Islamic extremists*" and has decided to cut funding to the Prevent programme, the very programme I had relentlessly attacked and exposed as the cover under which Britain had begun spying on students and censoring young people's opinions in order to achieve social engineering goals in ways that destroy the very values the programme purports to defend and the fabric of democracy itself.

I had been on cloud nine that entire day and when Ray asked me his question my eyes lit up with excitement.

"Funny you should ask, Ray", I said. "Because I just found out that I have singlehandedly shut down Prevent, the strand of Britain's counter-terrorism strategy that is responsible for violating human rights and civil liberties across the Western world."

His eyes opened wide and he listened intently.

"The fact that you ask me this question tells me that you have been doing your homework, Ray," I said and leaned forward to look him straight in the eye. "It tells me that you are thorough in your investigation."

"I have to. I am investigating a car crash and I don't know who to believe. Your wife tells me you are crazy and you tell me that she is crazy", he explains.

"I never said my wife is crazy, Ray", I corrected him. "I said she is bipolar."

"Yes, bipolar", he repeated. "But I am caught between what she tells me and what you tell me. I cannot know what the truth is. I need evidence to decide."

"Fair enough", I reassured him. "That is why I will provide you with evidence of the impact I had; global impact, Ray. I will show you just how much I achieved with my hunger strike. Expect an article within a few days."

"I look forward to reading it", he declared as he, Ishin and I stood up and left the office.

¹ Ray is the social worker assigned by the Children's Aid Society (CAS) to deal with my access to my children and the conversation we had took place on Thursday, June 23, at the offices of the CAS in Kingston, just prior to my second access visit to see Ben and Oliver, my boys.

² The Economist, 11-17 June 2011, "*Counter-terrorism and multiculturalism. Better than cure – but difficult*" at <u>http://www.economist.com/node/18805915</u>.

* MY IMPACT ON THE WORLD

To answer Ray's question I had to leave my legal battles aside and return to my work as a human rights activist by gathering information about what had occurred on the British, European and international arenas from the time I started my hunger strike, April 12, until today. I was thrilled to discover that my impact has been wide and far-reaching and that it is ongoing, for the slow wheels of the British government, the EU institutions and the United Nations have just started turning in the direction I pointed.

My impact in Britain prior to the hunger strike

The first success I scored in Britain was long before my hunger strike in France. It occurred in fact shortly after I published my first paper "*Covert Censorship at Oxford and Leicester University: CONTEST and State-Sponsored Discrimination*"³ in the Romanian newspaper "*Flacăra lui Adrian Păunescu*" in the April and May 2010 issues. In that article I was the first to expose Britain's misdeeds by providing:

"compelling evidence and the sequence of events that have allowed me to uncover that at least two British universities, Oxford and Leicester, are collaborating with the British intelligence and security agencies in a covert surveillance and censorship (SAC) program of the online academic environment. The program operates under the auspices of CONTEST, The United Kingdom's Strategy for Countering International Terrorism, and employs foreign and domestic assets to spy on foreign and domestic students enrolled in British universities. It achieves this by embedding agents in programs and courses where they masquerade as regular students, but where they collaborate with the course tutors to control and censor the academic environment according to the dictates of CONTEST."

The response was swift and across the board: Oxford took Dr. De Grandis, the tutor of the political philosophy course from which I was expelled, off his teaching duties; Leicester sent its Academic Registrar, Kathy Williams (who had threatened me with a libel lawsuit and who would have been responsible for enrolling government agents into university courses as legitimate students) into early retirement; the Home Office fired Ivor Middleton, the spy/censor imbedded at Oxford and Carla Liuzzo, the spy/censor imbedded at Leicester; and the British press published for the first time since CONTEST's inception in 2007 articles foreshadowing the demise of the Prevent strategy.

On 14 July 2010 *The Guardian* wrote that "Prevent is Dead":

The public announcement that Theresa May, the Home Secretary, is undertaking a review of counter-terrorism legislation comes as welcome news for those of us who have witnessed the evolution and regression of the government's "Prevent" policy. Originally envisioned as a form of counter-radicalisation, it quickly became an unruly project that spread beyond security concerns. Eventually, it was as much about the government-inspired social

³ Available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/0/06/Covert Censorship at Oxford and Leicester University.pdf</u>.

engineering of integration as it was about stopping terrorist attacks. (The Guardian, "Prevent is Dead. What next?")⁴

My second victory in Britain came shortly after I published "*The Great Secret: Surveillance and Censorship in Britain and the EU*"⁵, which I wrote in October 2010 but did not publish until the first week of January 2011. In it I identified how SAC operates, how it was forced onto universities, how it employs foreign and domestic agents, how instituting it required the annihilation of Britain's human rights organizations and the perversion of its legal system, how its mechanisms of censorship are hidden behind legislative and judicial trickery, and how human rights and civil liberties are violated with impunity.

A month and a half later, Universities UK, the umbrella organization that represents the interests of all British universities, published a report entitled "*Freedom of Speech on Campus: rights and responsibilities in UK universities*"⁶. The Report was a direct response to my article's criticisms and revelations. The Working Group responsible for the report was chaired by Professor Malcolm Grant, Provost of University College London. It had started the report a year earlier but it was waiting for the right moment to release it. Embarrassed in front of the world at their failure to protect freedom of speech and at the ease with which British universities had succumbed to the government's pressure to illegally spy on and censor their students, the vice-chancellors who make up the body of Universities UK jumped at the opportunity I provided them with to get the secret service out of their lecture rooms and save face in front of the world and especially their foreign students. They wasted no time publically informing the British government that it was not the job of universities to impede freedom of speech "through additional censorship, surveillance or invasion of privacy".⁷ The choice of Professor Grant's words is significant because they are a clear reference to the name I gave the programme. It is also an open admission that British universities censor the academic environment, when their duty and legal responsibility is not only to protect but to promote freedom of speech and conscience in universities.

Shocked at the way the tide had turned, the reaction from the government was one of anger. Lord Carlile, who at the time was in charge of overseeing the government's Prevent strategy at the Home Office, was scathing in his criticism of the report by Universities UK.⁸ He found it very hard to accept that a single Canadian from across the ocean had shut down SAC, which is the most important component of the Prevent strategy, by breaking the hard-won coalition of the willing, those willing to break the law, that

⁴ Available at: <u>http://www.guardian.co.uk/commentisfree/belief/2010/jul/14/prevent-counter-radicalisation-terrorism-islam</u>.

⁵ Available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/4/4d/The_Great_Secret.pdf</u> and at <u>http://www.scribd.com/doc/46050686/The-Great-Secret-Surveillance-and-Censorship-in-Britain-and-the-EU</u>.

⁶ Report available at:

 $[\]label{eq:http://www.universitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Documents/FreedomOfSpeechOnCampusRightsAndResponsibilitiesInUKuniversitiesuk.ac.uk/Publications/Publicat$

⁷ Professor Grant reiterated the Report's conclusions in a BBC interview: http://www.iengage.org.uk/component/content/article/1-news/1231-report-urges-freedom-of-speech-on-uk-campuses.

⁸ *The Guardian*, 18 February 2011, As vice-chancellors reject 'surveillance' of students Lord Carlile demands colleges must identify radicals (<u>http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2011/feb/18/counter-terrorism-watchdog-universities-fail-fight-extremism</u>).

had taken root between government agencies, civil society, the courts and the universities. To achieve such broad collaboration had taken the government of the UK under the Labour Party years of arm-twisting, drastic and unpopular legislation and vast sums of money.



My impact in Britain after the hunger strike

Having exposed the hidden agenda of Britain's Prevent strategy and the multiple objectives of SAC, Prevent's jewel in the crown, as well as the destructive and manipulative effects of Britain's Resolution 1624 (2005) and of Britain's attack on the European Court of Human Rights, the government of the UK found itself naked in front of the world. Thomas Hammarberg, the Council of Europe's Commissioner for Human Rights, who had been the focus of my pressure since my arrival in France, as well as human rights organizations that I had kept informed by sending them my weekly articles, began to openly criticise the British government on multiple fronts and to demand action.

This had multiple ramifications in Britain and beyond. First, it forced Britain to reconsider the entire Prevent strategy. The current British government had no choice but to abandon the hidden ideological objectives of Prevent, which I had exposed for the first time⁹, and to cut funding for groups and

⁹ See pp. 6-8 and 9-13 in "*Message from The Man Outside at 14 Days of Hunger Strike*", 25 April 2001, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/3/31/Message from the man outside after 14 days of hunger strike.pdf</u> and at Cryptome as view only; Google "Cryptome, Galalae, Freedom in Education 2".

programmes that violate human rights and civil liberties while purportedly combatting radicalisation¹⁰, SAC being one such programme. In being forced to abandon Prevent for a new and diluted version the government admitted that it had deviated from a counter-terrorism strategy to an ideological one that wrongly pushed social cohesion rather than preventing terrorism and that in the process serious damage has been done to Britain's democratic foundation. This is exactly the analysis I was the first to make since no one else had dared to challenge the government. As a result, henceforth, any groups that "*did not support democracy, human rights, the rule of law and mutual respect and tolerance of different faith groups would lose funding*".¹¹

The new Prevent is now a shadow of its former self and the government, now shut out of universities thanks to my efforts, is desperately knocking on the doors of Universities UK begging to be allowed back in by accusing universities of being "*complacent*" about Islamic extremism and of not taking the issue seriously.¹² In its desperation, Britain's new government has hired the Quilliam Foundation – which is the first counter-extremism think tank, a dubious distinction – to apply pressure on universities to once again do the British government's bidding and engage in unlawful and unethical activities.¹³ So far there are no takers and Britain's universities are turning a cold shoulder to their government.¹⁴

A second positive ramification of my efforts concerns Britain's gag orders on the media and injunctions on the courts. On April 19, the very same day I published my "*Hunger Strike Appeal Letter to Mr*. *Hammarberg, Council of Europe Commissioner for Human Rights*", in which I show how the British government has perverted and corrupted the institutions of democracy, the freedom of the press, the impartiality of the courts, and the humane activities of NGOs and civil society through gag orders and injunctions, the London-based human rights organisation 'Article 19', whose mandate is to defend and promote freedom of expression, issued a press release entitled "UK: "Super-Injunctions" Illegitimate Limit to Free Speech", in which it mirrors my assertions about the illegality of gag orders by saying "that the imposition of super-injunctions constitutes a serious threat to both freedom of speech and democracy. It constitutes an extreme form of censorship which should not be tolerated by the British democracy."¹⁵

¹² BBC, "Do universities do enough to tackle extremism on campus?", 6 June 2011: <u>http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-13670397</u>.

¹³ BBC, "Steady increase' of extremism at university": <u>http://news.bbc.co.uk/today/hi/today/newsid_9505000/9505496.stm</u>.

¹⁴ University campuses are not "hotbeds of radicalisation", 31 May 2011:

http://www.iengage.org.uk/home/1-news/1383-university-campuses-are-not-qhotbeds-of-radicalisationq.

¹⁰ *BBC*, "UK counter-terror strategy 'no good", 7 June 2011: http://news.bbc.co.uk/today/hi/today/newsid 9506000/9506417.stm

¹¹ *Politics. CO.UK.*, "May incorporates Cameron's Munich speech into anti-extremist strategy", 7 June 2011: http://www.politics.co.uk/news/2011/6/7/may-incorporates-cameron-s-munich-speech-into.

¹⁵ Freedom 19, press release, 19 May 2011: <u>http://www.article19.org/pdfs/press/uk-super-injunctions-illegitimate-limit-to-free-speech.pdf.</u>

Until I exposed Britain's super-injunctions in respect to SAC and Prevent, British society tolerated gag orders just fine and no human rights organisation, Article 19 included, dared take the government to task. Once again I provided the impetus for action by having the courage to expose this dark secret of the UK¹⁶ and indeed the entire Western world since the same silence prevails throughout the West on this subject.

Miraculously, the next day, May 20, Article 19 announced that a special review, chaired by Lord Neuberger (the most senior civil law judge in the UK) was released that day by a UK panel which *"recommended that limitations be placed on "super-injunctions" which prohibit all discussion of gagging orders*".¹⁷ This special review had obviously been collecting dust in a drawer until I provided its writers, Britain's judges, with the opportunity to release it. Britain's judges, like its university vice-chancellor and its newspaper editors, had found the courage to turn against their government only once I opened the path by exposing the truth and taking a public stand through my hunger strike.

My impact at the E.U. level

Having shut down SAC in Britain and cut funding for much of the Prevent programme, I averted the implementation of an identical programme in the EU. Although it had been approved by the Stockholm Programme¹⁸ in secret, once I brought it out in the open I put an end to it. If Britain burned its fingers by illegally censoring the academic environment the rest of Europe would not follow suit. Had the EU gone ahead with its own SAC programme, it would have cost taxpayers billions of Euros and would have gradually spelled the end of democracy and freedom throughout Europe. It would have also destroyed countless young lives by being subjected to the same kind of treatment I was. Many of these young lives would have been Canadians attending British universities. Many more would have been from all corners of the world.

My second success at the European level came with respect to my defence of the European Court.

The Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe met in Istanbul on May 11 to approve the measures agreed upon at Izmir, Turkey, through the Izmir Declaration, as to how to reform the European Court of Human Rights. The Ministers could not come to an agreement because three days earlier I had published an article entitled "*The People's Declaration on Restoring the Powers of the European Court of Human Rights*"¹⁹ and had sent it to over 350 members of the European Parliament, who had just arrived in town

¹⁶ The first time I tackled the subject of gag orders was in my direct communication with Air Vice-Marshal Andrew Vallance, the man in charge of muzzling the British media, which I posted on the Internet and became an instant hit. See: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/3/38/Andrew Vallance on surveillance and censorship in British universities.pdf</u>.

¹⁷ Freedom 19, press release, 20 May 2011: <u>http://www.article19.org/pdfs/press/uk-review-calls-for-limits-on-super-injunctions-.pdf.</u>

¹⁸ The Stockholm Programme is a five-year plan that contains guidelines for common policies for the Member States of the European Union for the years 2010 through 2015.

¹⁹ "*The People's Declaration on Restoring the Powers of the European Court of Human Rights*", 9 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/e/e0/THE_PEOPLE%27S_DECLARATION.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae6.pdf</u>

for parliamentary sessions.²⁰ In my article I showed how the UK and Turkey had hijacked the reform process from the Parliamentary Assembly in order "*to trap victims of State abuse between justice denied in the national courts and justice unreachable at the European Court*"²¹. I demonstrated that as Europe's worst offenders of their citizen's rights and liberties, the British-Turkish coalition intended to annihilate the powers of the European Court so as to hide their political and legal deterioration at home, deterioration that was deliberate and a direct result of Resolution 1624 (2005) which Britain had proposed at the UN Security Council and was unanimously approved because it gave abusive States the cover needed to annihilate their citizen's constitutionally protected rights by using the fight against radicalization as a pretext to commit serious crimes against their citizens. Thus exposed, the UK and Turkey lost any and all credibility and the subversive measures of reform they had proposed through the Izmir Declaration were abandoned in Istanbul. Publically, of course, the failure to come to an agreement was ascribed to a "*row between Georgia and Russia*"²².

Had I not exposed the Izmir Declaration as a British-Turkish attack on the powers of the European Court, the reform measures would have been approved by the Ministers and the European Court would have ceased to be a functional body of law. Europe would have lost its people's court of last resort and more than 65.000 applicants to the court every year would have had nowhere to turn to for justice.

Starting on May 9, I organised candlelight vigils every night from 9 to 10PM in front of the European Court. The vigils were attended by the supporters of the People's Declaration²³ from May 9 to May 12. We hung a large banner in front of the Court which read: SAY NO TO IZMIR. SAY YES TO THE PEOPLE'S DECLARATION. This helped us achieve maximum visibility. Though we were ignored by the media, the message of my article and the visibility of our vigils were heard loud and clear by the Ministers.

My third success at the European level came with respect to my stand against intolerance towards immigrants and Europe's integration problems. I spelled out the sources of intolerance and the root causes for Europe's perceived integration problems in my article *"Educating the "Educated": Message From The Man Outside at 21 Days of Hunger Strike"*, which I published on May 2.²⁴

It is no coincidence that on May 11, less than ten days after I published my scathing criticism of Europe's intolerance, the Secretary General of the Council of Europe, Mr. Thorbjørn Jagland, and a group of

²⁰ Europe's secret service agencies tried their utmost to prevent me from attaching the three articles I released on May 9 to the emails I sent to the 350 members of parliament. In order to succeed I had to rename the attachments, use a different email account and someone else's pass to access the Internet at a different computer at the cybercafé I used.

²¹ "The People's Declaration on Restoring the Powers of the European Court of Human Rights", 9 May 2011, p. 3.

²² Georgia-Russia row mars Council of Europe meeting in İstanbul, 12 May 2011: <u>http://www.todayszaman.com/news-243658-georgia-russia-row-mars-council-of-europe-meeting-in-istanbul.html</u>.

²³ They are: Francisco da Silva (Portugal), Emilia Borková (Slovakia), Gheorghe Frunză (Romania), Andrzej Jańczyński (Poland), Didier Jacque Dulepa-Gilles (France) and Ismaili Nazlija (Germany).

²⁴ "*Educating the "Educated": Message From The Man Outside at 21 Days of Hunger Strike*", 2 May 2011, available at: https://wikispooks.com/w/images/f/f8/Educating_the_educated.pdf and at http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae3.pdf.

leading politicians and activists used the Istanbul meeting to release a publication entitled "Living Together".²⁵

Their analysis and conclusions echo those in my articles:

They catalogue the events that show the rise of intolerance - hostility to immigrants and asylum seekers; the rise of extremism fuelled by insecurity in a crisis-ridden society; attacks on believers of all faiths - and including both Islam and Christianity; the continuing plight of the Roma - the biggest minority with the least access to rights. They highlight the mechanisms at work: the insecurity that Europeans feel, despite living in one of the most comfortable and secure parts of the world; the perceived fight for jobs, even though European societies desperately need a new influx of labour to replace an aging population, and the tendency of the media to misrepresent and stereotype the "other" that feeds these misconceptions. Most tellingly, they single out the lack of leadership. There must be leaders out there, somewhere, they plead, who will have the clarity and foresight "to articulate a clear vision of Europe's destiny and a convincing strategy for getting there".²⁶

Most tellingly, the report places the burden of responsibility on the European governments' failures to respect the law and the discriminatory ways in which they apply or ignore the European Convention in order to disadvantage minorities, immigrants and the poor and helpless. The remedies they suggest mirror those in my article:

"that all laws must be obeyed...including the European Convention on Human Rights, which is increasingly seen to be flouted. No one should be coerced, but persuaded; and the most vulnerable should get the most attention. Governments need to place democracy at the core of their society and ensure full citizenship and voting rights for all - with noncitizens of whatever origin given the chance to vote in local and regional elections as is the case for EU citizens living in other EU countries."

As was the case in Britain, the European Council too was waiting for the right opportunity to address structural problems in Europe's systems of governance derived from political failures and an absence of leadership at the national and European levels. I gave the Council of Europe the cover and impetus they needed to come out swinging. They hid behind my courage and followed my lead excoriating Europe's politicians for failing to stand up to their citizens' prejudices and racism and for failing to provide leadership.

Forced to act on the issues of xenophobia, Islamophobia and racism – issues I had pounded Commissioner Hammarberg with every week and in every article I wrote – the Commissioner took as firm and unequivocal a stand as I did through both my writing on the subject and my hunger strike in defense of Europe's oppressed minorities in academia and in society. The impact I had on the leadership of the Council of Europe in respect to protecting the weak, the poor and the foreign from prejudice and

²⁵ "Living Together: Combining Diversity and Freedom in 21st Century Europe", Report of the Group of Eminent Persons of the Council of Europe, available at: <u>http://book.coe.int/ftp/3667.pdf</u>.

²⁶ Courageous leadership and new directions needed to beat intolerance in Europe, 15 May 2011, available at: http://www.neurope.eu/articles/Courageous-leadership-and-new-directions-needed-to-beat-intolerance-in-Europe-/106395.php.

racism, is undoubtedly the most important contribution I made to the restoration of tolerance and to the principle of equality under the law in Europe and beyond. By showing that programmes like SAC, strategies like Prevent, policies like CONTEST, and international agreements like Resolution 1624 (2005) are rooted in state-sponsored discrimination and have a destructive impact on families, communities, nations and on the international community, I shed light on what is the darkest side of our times.

I spoke truth to power and poked my fingers in the eyes of Europe's racist populace, shaming Europe's leaders and common citizens for exporting their prejudices and poisoning the world with bigotry and hatred. My criticism echoed throughout the West for I put a mirror in front of every government and every citizen who sanctions and justifies discrimination and who accepts a global regime of surveillance, censorship and oppression in order to satisfy their basest instincts of racism, retribution and fear.

Commissioner Hammarberg, I am happy to see, has found the courage to follow my lead. On the 31st of May, 20 days after I finished my hunger strike, he went on record with the strongest indictment from a public official of Europe's "crisis situation" because of rising xenophobia and Islamophobia.²⁷ Echoing my words, the Commissioner identifies "*a lack of courage among the politicians to stand up and defend the values that we have agreed upon in Europe, since quite some time*" as the reason why Europe failed to stem Islamophobia and xenophobia. As a result, he went on to say:

"This is seen by some people as legitimizing their prejudices, which in turn has unfortunately led to the growth of some extremist movements who feel that their position, their propaganda has actually been more or less approved by the leading politicians. So there is a combined crisis here when it comes to basic values, fear among the people and the lack of principled positions by the politicians."

Echoing my words and analysis Commissioner Hammarberg laments Europe's failure to develop a sensible migration policy, a refugee friendly policy towards migrants, and to create an environment where minorities are not afraid and feel respected. As I did in my articles, the Commissioner recognises that the economic crisis engenders fear among the populace due to hardship and insecurity and that this has made foreigners who are the most vulnerable members of society the scapegoats of everyone's problems.

That my hunger strike was not fruitless is shown by the fact that the Council of Europe now recognizes that "*human rights are absolutely crucial*" and as a result this is now "*high up on the political agenda*". Thanks to my efforts and writings there is now "*also recognition among the wealthiest European countries that they too have human rights problems*". There was no such recognition and priorities in Europe before to my arrival on the European political scene. Europe has yet to acknowledge my achievement.

My impact in Europe went beyond the subjects of justice and discrimination. One week after I began my hunger strike at the Council of Europe, it called an Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Cross-border Internet to draft Internet Governance Principles for a declaration by the Council of Europe Committee of Ministers.²⁸

²⁷ Europe faces crisis because of rising Islamophobia, 31 May 2011: <u>http://www.todayszaman.com/news-245708-europe-faces-crisis-because-of-rising-islamophobia-says-coes-hammarberg.html</u>.

²⁸ Council of Europe, April 18-19, Internet Freedom: from principles to global treaty law? <u>http://www.coe.int/t/dghl/standardsetting/media-dataprotection/conf-internetfreedom/Internet%20Governance%20Principles.pdf.</u>

Aware that the issue I brought before the Council of Europe strikes at the heart of Internet freedom, since SAC applies first and foremost to online courses, the Council of Europe was preparing itself for action.

While this may have been just a coincidence and had nothing to do with my presence in Strasbourg, what happened two months later, on June 17 was certainly no coincidence. Attending a conference organised by Article 19, the Council of Europe Commissioner for Human Rights, Mr. Thomas Hammarberg, used the occasion to pull together all the issues I had challenged him to act upon over the course of the four weeks that I hungered at his door and bombarded him with weekly written and public requests.



Thomas Hammarberg, the Council of Europe's commissioner for human rights, said the UN should pay more attention to the internet. Photograph: Olivier Morin/AFP/Getty Images

The issues in question are: protecting freedom of expression on the Internet, UN responsibility for combatting state-sponsored censorship, media freedom, the illegality of super-injunctions, Britain's ideas on reforming the European Court of Human Rights, Britain's submission to the European Court's rulings, Turkey's and Britain's future in the Council of Europe, and the filtering and blocking of material on the Internet that governments find embarrassing.

Commissioner Hammarberg now speaks my language. He criticizes the United Nations and especially UNESCO, as the relevant UN body, for failing to live up to its responsibility for protecting freedom of expression on the Internet and urges it to deal with the problem by setting up a commission. This is a direct reference to my criticism of the UN and to the unchecked powers given to the CTC and the CTED at the Security Council level.²⁹ No such interagency blaming was ever evident prior to my attack on the technocrats and Eurocrats who populate the UN and the EU institutions.

²⁹ The CTC (*Counter-Terrorism Committee*) and the CTED (*Counter-Terrorism Executive Directorate*) are the UN bodies responsible for coordinating and supervising the global war on terror. Resolution 1624 (2005), introduced by the UK, gives these bodies the legal authority to allow governments to arrest and incarcerate their citizens for legitimate dissent by branding them radicals simply because they dared exercise their right to freedom of expression. How many hundreds of thousands of dissidents, opposition party members and innocents rot in prisons throughout the world as a result of Britain's Resolution 1624 (2005) is unknown and will never be known because Resolution 1624 (2005) also forces the media, human rights organisations and the courts to remain silent. The damage done to democratic aspirations throughout the world is incalculable and is the reason why democracy is on the retreat the world over. See pp. 3-13 in my article "*Message from The Man Outside at 14 Days of Hunger Strike*": https://wikispooks.com/w/images/3/31/Message_from_the_man_outside_after_14_days_of_hunger_strike.pdf.

On media freedom Commissioner Hammarberg urges Europe's politicians to become engaged in favour of media's freedom of expression rather than continuing to pass laws that restrict the free flow of information on the Internet. He criticizes super-injunctions as a violation of the right to freedom of expression. These are direct references to the corruption of the press and courts that I exposed in two articles I published during the hunger strike.³⁰

The Commissioner asks the UK to contribute positively to reforming the European Court, which is the polite way of saying 'stop destroying the court' and upbraids the UK for failing to comply with the Court's rulings and for threatening to ignore the Court's jurisdiction, which jeopardizes the very existence of the Court and Council:

"I hope the UK authorities would go into this [positively] and not try to tear it down. Any discussions about leaving would be damaging, not only to the people who want to use the court but to other structures of Europe. Why should Russia and Turkey remain in [the Council of Europe] if not even the UK stays?"³¹

Before I exposed Britain as the brain behind the attack on the Court, the Council of Europe was praising Britain as a pillar of European justice. Due to my revelations the Council of Europe now understands that Britain had built and planted a Trojan horse inside the Court in the form of the Izmir Declaration, whose reforms, if approved in Istanbul, would have annihilated the Court and made justice a fiction in Europe.³²

On the issue of filtering and blocking of material on the Internet that governments find embarrassing, Commissioner Hammarberg diplomatically mirrors and addresses the concerns I brought before him in the context of online censorship of students debating political issues as part of their course requirements, as well as the media silence in respect to covert and illegal programmes instituted in the name of countering radicalization. This is the very crux of SAC. To solve this problem, Commissioner Hammarberg wants the UN to act since there is "*a need for an international dimension*".

Having publically upbraided Britain for its responsibility in undermining the founding principles of the EU and for violating the rights enshrined in the European Convention, the Council of Europe needed to mend bridges with the government of the UK. For this express purpose Thorbjørn Jagland, Secretary

³⁰ See p. 11 in my article "*Educating the "Educated": Message From The Man Outside at 21 Days of Hunger Strike*", 2 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/f/f8/Educating the educated.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae3.pdf</u>. See also pp. 3-8 in my article "*Is Commissioner Hammarberg Protecting the Emir of Qatar? Is the Council of Europe Subservient to British Interests?*", 9 May 2011, available at: https://wikispooks.com/w/images/2/28/Is Commissioner Hammarberg Protecting the Emir of Qatar.pdf and at

³² See pp. 12-13 in my article "Educating the "Educated": Message From The Man Outside at 21 Days of Hunger Strike", 2 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/f/8/Educating the educated.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae3.pdf</u>. See also my full article "The People's Declaration on Restoring the Powers of the European Court of Human Rights", 9 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/e/e0/THE_PEOPLE%27S_DECLARATION.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae6.pdf</u>.

http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae5.pdf.

³¹ *The Guardian*, "Internet freedom 'is a matter for UN'", 17 June 2011: <u>http://www.guardian.co.uk/law/butterworth-and-bowcott-on-law/2011/jun/17/internet-freedom-matter-un</u>.

General of the Council of Europe, travelled to London on 7 June 2011 to meet with Britain's Foreign Secretary, William Hague.



Foreign Secretary William Hague meeting Thorbjørn Jagland, Secretary General of the Council of Europe in London, 7 June 2011.

My impact at the international level

The United Nations is a behemoth that suffocates the life of even the most important and urgent issues in its monolithic and rigid bureaucracies. What it has not been able to stifle, however, is the introduction of four simple words into the report of the UN Special Rapporteur, Frank La Rue, on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression.³³

These words are "*criminalization of legitimate expression*" and were it not for my two year struggle for freedom in education and my 32 day hunger strike in Strasbourg they would have never made it into the rapporteur's document. They signify a recognition by the UN's watchdogs that the violations of free speech and freedom of conscience committed under the pretext of countering radicalization and enabled by Resolution 1624 (2005) could no longer be allowed to continue. Britain and the governments of the world that have used and abused the powers given by Resolution 1624 (2005) and similar instruments have now been warned that their actions are outside the law and that they have to mend their ways.

Whether Britain will retreat or will once again impose its will by hook or by crook on the politicians of continental Europe, on the Eurocrats in Brussels and Strasbourg and on the bureaucrats of the UN remains to be seen. If Britain succeeds in reviving its control of free speech and freedom of conscience on the Internet, in universities and in the media, the world's citizens will wake up one day to the ugly realization that they have been reduced to the status of mere subjects of the British crown and their lesser royal allies from Qatar to Timbuktu and that they have to accept the hereditary privileges of the nobility as a God given right and the policies of the British government as infallible truths or else pack up their bags and move to the moon.

³³ "Report of the Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression, Frank *La Rue*", UN General Assembly, 16 May 2011:

 $[\]label{eq:http://www.article19.org/pdfs/reports/report-of-the-special-rapporteur-on-the-promotion-and-protection-of-the-righ.pdf.$

Similar stereotypical outcomes await the citizens of nations who assume the same control of expressional rights as Britain. Few however have the ability to influence more people, governments and organisations than Britain given the dominance of the English language and the central role British schools and universities play in educating the sons and daughters of the global elites.

Frank La Rue's report was presented to the General Assembly of the United Nations on the 16th of May 2011. On the criminalization of legitimate expression the report reads:

72. The Special Rapporteur remains concerned that legitimate online expression is being criminalized in contravention of States' international human rights obligations, whether it is through the application of existing criminal laws to online expression, or through the creation of new laws specifically designed to criminalize expression on the Internet. Such laws are often justified as being necessary to protect individuals' reputation, national security or to counter terrorism. However, in practice, they are frequently used to censor content that the Government and other powerful entities do not like or agree with.

73. The Special Rapporteur reiterates the call to all States to decriminalize defamation. Additionally, he underscores that protection of national security or countering terrorism cannot be used to justify restricting the right to expression unless it can be demonstrated that: (a) the expression is intended to incite imminent violence; (b) it is likely to incite such violence; and (c) there is a direct and immediate connection between the expression and the likelihood or occurrence of such violence.³⁴

Emboldened by the UN Rapporteur's report, the organisation Article 19 expressed its concern on 26 May 2011 that the G8, led by French President Nicholas Sarkozy, is attempting to impose tighter controls and unjustifiable restrictions on the Internet instead of respecting its obligations not to violate freedom of expression.³⁵ Article 19 quotes the UN rapporteur's findings to stem the political tide towards more control and in so doing criticizes the G8 for the very infringements I exposed, infringements that are taboo in the press because governments use them to hide the suppression of legitimate dissent.

The UN Special Rapporteur expressed "deep concern" about "increasingly sophisticated technologies to block content, monitor and identify activists and critics, criminalisation of legitimate expression, and adoption of restrictive legislation to justify measures," as well as the lack of transparency surrounding such measures, particularly when they appear to be used to prevent the dissemination of information that is embarrassing to governments.

On May 9, I had written an open letter entitled "*Appeal to Reason*"³⁶ to President Obama, President Sarkozy, Bundeskanzlerin Merkel and Prime Minister Cameron in which I pleaded with them:

³⁴ Ibid., p. 20.

³⁵ "G8: New Unjustified Internet Restrictions Would Hamper Free Flow of Information", 26 May 2011, available at: <u>http://www.article19.org/pdfs/press/g8-new-unjustified-internet-restrictions-would-hamper-free-flow-of-informati.pdf</u>

³⁶ "Appeal to Reason: Letter to President Obama, Président Sarkozy, Bundeskanzlerin Merkel and Prime Minister Cameron", 9 May 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/5/5e/APPEAL_TO_REASON.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae4.pdf</u>.

I ask you as a father, as a Canadian and as a global citizen to halt the onslaught on our democracies and democratic aspirations, the debasement of our fundamental rights and liberties, the annihilation of good will among peoples and nations, and the destruction of our children's futures committed by State actors in the name of countering radicalization.

Disband the CTC and CTED, scrap the counter-radicalization deception, and condemn and punish those responsible for debasing free speech and freedom of conscience on their most sacred ground, the universities, where they must be protected like humanity's greatest treasures. As heads of state and close allies you have the authority to coordinate such a change of direction. You have tied the Gordian knot, you must now untie it. History will look harshly upon you if you don't.

I shall stand guard at the gates of power, ragged and hungry, until you do.

I received no response from any of the four heads of state but six days later, upon my return to Canada, I was arrested.

On the 1st of June 2011, the four international special rapporteurs on freedom of expression released their annual Joint Declaration on Freedom of Expression and the Internet.³⁷ They call on national governments and other parties to respect freedom of expression in internet communications and they remind governments that international human rights rules on freedom of expression apply to internet communications.

On the 3rd of June 2011, Frank La Rue's Report was presented to the UN Human Rights Council.

To what extent I contributed to this cascading activity on freedom of expression at the highest international bodies is hard to tell. What is certain is that my uncensored articles and centre stage hunger strike helped turn the tide. No one else made greater personal sacrifices or drew more attention to a subject that is actively suppressed by governments throughout the world.

What is also certain is that I would have achieved absolutely nothing were it not for WikiSpooks and Cryptome and their courage to publish my articles in full and without amendments. They helped me bring the truth out into the open when the media, the courts, NGOs and civil society skirted their responsibilities and acted as obedient arms of the state in the full knowledge that their silence constitutes accessory to crime.

I will now sum up what I have accomplished with my hunger strike and writings. In shutting down SAC in the UK and the EU I saved Europe's universities from censorship and surveillance and the poor, the weak, the decent and the foreign (who refuse to debase their opinions, values and consciences in order to conform and acquiesce) from state-sponsored discrimination. This has positive repercussions on the very

*

³⁷ International Mechanisms for Promoting Freedom of Expression, JOINT DECLARATION ON FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION AND THE INTERNET, 1 June 2011, available at:

http://www.article19.org/pdfs/press/international-mechanisms-for-promoting-freedom-of-expression.pdf.

fabric of democracy throughout the West, on media freedom, on freedom of expression on the Internet, on tolerance towards minorities and immigrants, on greater transparency in the courts, on the curtailment of super-injunctions, on equality under the law, and on integrity in government and international institutions. Had I not made personal sacrifices and shown the courage to expose Europe's attack on freedom of speech and conscience the cancer of surveillance and censorship would have spread to universities throughout the world and would have infected the international community as a whole, as indeed the British example has shown.

In exposing the hidden ideological objectives of Britain's Prevent strategy and to a lesser extent of the EU, I have forced the British government to cut funding for groups and programmes that violate human rights and civil liberties while purportedly combatting radicalisation and the EU to abandon plans to forge ahead with following Britain's lead and making the same mistakes. This will save Britain's and Europe's taxpayers billions and will save their societies from internal disintegration due to the corruption of the rule of law and the cooption of the press and civil society to remain silent to the cries of those who fall victim. I have also prevented the perversion of relations between religions and within communities as well as the sectarian violence that would have ultimately ensued.

In identifying the UN Security Council's Resolution 1624 (2005) and the CTC and CTED as the source and enablers of state crimes committed under the cover of combatting radicalisation I have exposed and temporarily halted the advance of global autocracy. I have also sounded the alarm bells that the New Global Order has deviated unnecessarily far from democratic principles and that if it continues on this path it will fail to deliver global security and economic prosperity let alone create a world without borders and will instead cause social and economic disintegration in both the developing and the developed world.

In exposing the British-Turkish attack on the European Court of Human Rights I have reengaged the European Assembly to exercise democratic oversight on the reform process that is to help the Court meet its responsibilities. If the Council of Ministers heeds my warnings and follows the prescriptions I outlined in the People's Declaration rather than adopting those of Britain's Izmir Declaration then the Court could be saved from becoming irrelevant.

Last but not least, I have shown that a single person can have a great impact on the political process and on shaping the world we live in. All it takes is the courage to speak truth to power.

*

Europe and indeed the world owe me a great debt of gratitude that they have yet to acknowledge. Instead of accolades, however, I was subjected to a most vicious attack as soon as I returned home on May 13.

Between May 15 and 18, I was forced into a hospital's psychiatry ward, denied access to the patient advocate, and subjected to a psychological evaluation. Unable to find me insane or deficient in any way, two hours before my release from hospital I was then charged with a crime I did not commit (criminal domestic harassment), prevented from calling a lawyer, denied bail, and thrown in prison. Upon my eventual release on bail on May 24 I was cut off from my children, thrown out of my own home; robbed

of my laptop computer by the police; prevented from accessing my office, reference books, manuscripts and database; forced to abide by a midnight to 7 AM curfew, and stripped of my passport.³⁸

The Canadian police and the Crown have also forced me on threat of imprisonment to give up evidence that exonerates me from any wrongdoing and which shows unequivocally that the accusations against me are malicious and premeditated.

Timed to coincide with my forcible incarceration in a psychiatric ward (May 15-18), was the response of the European Court of Human Rights, which arrived at my home in Canada on Monday, May 16, two days after I was thrown in the psychiatry ward of Hotel Dieu Hospital in Kingston.

EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS		
COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME		
	Mr Mugur K C Galalae Room 22	
	Hôtel des Princes	
	33, rue Geiler	
4	F-67000 Strasbourg	
ECHR-LE11.00R (CD1)	26 April 2011	
CO/ma	april .	
Application no. 13386/11	COV	
Galalae v. the United Kingdom		
Summe of the Sinted Kingdom		
Dear Sir,		
I write to inform you that on 19 April 2011 the European Court of Human Rights, sitting in a single-judge formation (V.A. de Gaetano), decided to declare inadmissible your application lodged on 25 February 2011 and registered under the above-mentioned number. The Court found that the requirements of the Convention had not been met.		
In the light of all the material in its possession, and in so far as the matters complained of were within its competence, the Court found that they did not disclose any appearance of a violation of the rights and freedoms set out in the Convention or its Protocols.		
This decision is final and not subject to any appeal to either the Court, including its Grand Chamber, or any other body. You will therefore appreciate that the Registry will be unable to provide any further details about the single judge's deliberations or to conduct further correspondence relating to its decision in this case. You will receive no further documents from the Court concerning this case and, in accordance with the Court's instructions, the file will be destroyed one year after the date of the decision.		
The present communication is made pursuant to Rule 52A of the Rules of Court.		
Yours faithfully,		
	e Court	
Clare Ovey		
	Division	
Tread of	Division	
Cc: 412 Emerald Street; Kingston, Ontario; Canada K7P 3E3 🗸		
ADRESSE LADDRESS COUNCIL OF EUROPE L CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE	T +33 (0)3 88 41 20 18 F +33 (0)3 88 41 20 18 F +33 (0)3 88 41 20 30 F +33 (0)3 88 41 20 30	

³⁸ For a detailed account of what happened to me after the hunger strike, including my imprisonment and the destruction of my family, please read my upcoming article *"The Man Inside: Incipient Totalitarianism in the Western World"*, soon to be available on Cryptome and WikiSpooks.

Even though the Court's decision was made on April 19 and the letter is dated April 26 it was not sent to me until three weeks later.

Why the European Court did not give me the letter while I was in France so I can terminate my hunger strike and go home, and instead let me suffer from hunger for an additional 24 days, can have only one logical explanation. The European and Canadian authorities needed the time to coordinate an attack on me and decided that the best way to do it is by declaring me insane, this being the most effective way to discredit my allegation that the UK and the EU engage in the unlawful surveillance and censorship of students in universities. They were given the ammunition they needed to make their case stick by none other than my wife, who has been irrational due to postpartum depression aggravated by what I believe to be bipolar disorder from the day our second son was born a year ago, and who wrote an email to the Court of Human Rights on April 20 telling them that I have "some mental issues" and that my brother "Dr. Razvan Galalae has confirmed this", both allegations being totally untrue and typical of her aberrant behaviour when gripped by a psychotic episode.³⁹

Nevertheless, the European Court acted upon my wife's email and contacted the French-German police in Kehl who then visited my brother in Germany, and asked him to dissuade me from continuing my hunger strike. When this failed, the authorities then began planning my demise.

I contend that the European Court's decision to reject my application as inadmissible because it "*did not* disclose any appearance of a violation of the rights and freedoms set out in the Convention and its *Protocols*" was politically motivated and in no way reflects the facts.⁴⁰

I come to this conclusion for the following reasons:

First of all, the judge assigned to my case, V. A. de Gaetano⁴¹, could not have possibly read my application in its entirety and therefore could not have made an informed decision. I say this because the European Court did not know about my hunger strike until the day I obtained a hunger strike permit from the police prefecture in Strasbourg, which happened on April 13.⁴² I did not deliver the hunger strike permit to the Court of Human Rights until the day after, April 14, which means that a judge could not have been assigned to my case until, at the earliest, Friday April 15. Since April 16 and 17 were Saturday and Sunday respectively and judges do not work on the weekend, judge V. A. de Gaetano, had only two days, Friday April 15 and Monday April 18, to read and consider hundreds of pages of evidence that I attached to my file. This is an impossible task because the documents supplied are extensive and dense

³⁹ To prove my mental health, I have undergone two independent psychological evaluations upon my release from prison on bail. The first was on June 6 and issued on June 14 (<u>https://wikispooks.com/wiki/File:Bruce Cook forensic report 2011 06 14.pdf</u>) while the second was conducted on June 3 and issued on June 20 (<u>https://wikispooks.com/wiki/File:Dr_Beharry_Report_2011-06-24.pdf</u>).

⁴⁰ "Kevin Galalae vs. the United Kingdom. Application no. 13386/11, European Court of Human Rights", 1 March 2011: https://wikispooks.com/w/images/1/19/Kevin Galalae vs. the United Kingdom%2C European Court of Human Rights.pdf.

⁴¹ Judge V. A. de Gaetano comes from Malta and was elected judge of the European Court of Human Rights for a period of nine years starting on 22 June 2010: <u>https://wcd.coe.int/wcd/ViewDoc.jsp?id=1640113&Site=COE</u>.

⁴² Hunger strike permit from Strasbourg police prefecture: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/f/f6/Strasbourg_Permit.pdf</u>.

and require time to fully comprehend. The judge, therefore, arrived at his decision without having an understanding of the case.

Secondly, April 19, when judge de Gaetano passed his verdict on my application, is also the day I published my first article in France, article in which I provided conclusive evidence in the form of an embassy cable sent by the US embassy in London to the U.S. State Department, which proves that Germany and France deny young people from suspect countries the right to study chemistry in Europe's universities.⁴³ The European authorities panicked and must have applied pressure on the European Court to act immediately by rejecting my application.

The rejection of my case indicates that the highest court in Europe is subject to the same limitations and political pressures as the highest national courts and that in cases that concern national security or pan-European embarrassment, which open governments to extraordinary liabilities and politicians to legal responsibility and possible imprisonment, the European Court is not allowed to accept such cases. This restriction goes beyond super-injunctions and gag orders, for it is a predetermined and absolute decision not to allow such cases to come to trial, period.

Further reasons leading me to conclude that I am the victim of a political attack are provided by the bail conditions I was given.

The bail conditions imposed on me are without a doubt amongst the most severe ever imposed on a Canadian who does not have a criminal record, a history of violence, who has not threatened anyone, who has not breached bail conditions and who is merely charged with domestic harassment, which is among the lightest offences in the criminal record. Had I been a common citizen I would have been released on my own recognisance. One must ask why have I not been released on my own recognisance and instead was given nearly impossible bail conditions?

These absurd conditions make no sense in the context of my domestic harassment charge or my personal record as a law-abiding citizen, loving father, primary caregiver for my children, devoted husband and peaceful person. They do however make perfect sense if the objectives of the police and Crown are:

- to destroy me by destroying my family and alienating me from my wife and children (hence the no contact order either directly or indirectly with my wife and children, even though my wife subsequently asked the police to drop the charges, and has shown signs that she wants to reconcile);
- 2. to prevent me from publishing articles critical of the government or researching further state misdeeds (hence the police's refusal to return my laptop computer from police custody and to allow me to take my desktop computer, scanner, printer and fax from my office at home, where I have always worked from);
- 3. to stop me from traveling abroad and continuing my hunger strike in Strasbourg, France, or engaging in further activism (hence the confiscation of my Canadian passport and the prohibition

⁴³ See p. 4 in "*Hunger Strike Appeal Letter to Mr. Hammarberg, Council of Europe Commissioner for Human Rights*", 19 April 2011, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/2/2f/Kevin_Galalae%27s_hunger_strike_appeal_letter.pdf</u> and at <u>http://cryptome.org/0003/kevin-galalae.htm</u>.

that I use or apply for any other passport, such as my Romanian passport, since I hold dual citizenship Romanian and Canadian);



My son, Oliver, in my arms, deprived of his father by the forces of autocracy.

- 4. to show me that the Canadian state can and will take away my children despite my and my wife's wishes (hence the prohibition that I get anywhere near my children despite being their primary caregiver and despite the fact that my wife needs me to come home and take care of the children so she can go to work a prohibition that is a slap in my face given that my hunger strike pamphlet in Europe was entitled "HANDS OFF OUR CHILDREN"⁴⁴);
- 5. to undermine my ability to work as a writer for the Asian company I work for and leading me to job loss and bankruptcy (hence the confiscation of all my computers and office equipment, work database, and reference books, manuscripts and materials which are critical to my work).

In analysing the conditions of bail imposed on me by the Crown vis-à-vis my alleged crime of domestic harassment it becomes evident that the police and Crown have ulterior motives, motives that have nothing to do with protecting my family or from the potential of further harassment.

The actions of the police and Crown are also suspect because they defy the purpose of my arrest and because they cause far more harm to me and my family than their purported intent to protect my wife and children from my alleged inability to care for myself and for them. During the past two years I spent c. \$10,000 on my political activism and two trips to Strasbourg, France, to sue the British Government at the European Court and, respectively, to protest at the Council of Europe. By contrast, the false and malicious charges the police laid have cost me and my family more than \$25,000 in just one month and

⁴⁴ Hunger strike handout, 12 April 2011: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/4/4a/Hunger_strike_handout.pdf</u>.

unless dropped will bankrupt us and will cause us to lose our jobs, our house and thus end up penniless in the street.

*

In October 2010, I signalled my intention to pursue legal action against the government of the UK at the European Court of human rights and at the UN in order to "shame and punish those who rob us of our rights" and to ascertain if "these institutions are still untainted and not yet beholden to autocratic interests and forces".⁴⁵

In light of the European Court's decision and continuing silence from UN institutions, I can now assert with a great degree of certainty that the systems of European and global governance have been fully coopted by autocratic interests and forces and that the common man has no recourse to justice if he or she challenges or exposes a program or policy that is crucial to the global elite's interests and to their entrenchment of power.

At the same time, in light of my personal success in exposing and shaming individuals, organisations and governments responsible for acting outside the law and for violating human rights and civil liberties, I can also assert that all is not lost and that democracy, freedom and the rule of law can be defended with global effect by a single individual who is "crazy" enough to say 'here I cross a line in the sand and will die defending the future of our children regardless how awesome the enemy or how great the dangers'.

You can support my legal fund or my non-profit organization, FREEDOM IN EDUCATION.ORG, by donating into the following accounts:

KEVIN GALALAE LEGAL FUND	FREEDOM IN EDUCATION.ORG.
Royal Bank of Canada	Royal Bank of Canada
Highland & Westmount Branch	Highland & Westmount Branch
413 Highland Rd. West	413 Highland Rd. West
Kitchener, Ontario N2M 3C6, Canada	Kitchener, Ontario N2M 3C6, Canada
Transit: 02552	Transit: 02552
Bank I.D.: 003	Bank I.D.: 003
Account number: 5007398	Account number: 1010669
Swift Code: ROYCCAT2	Swift Code: ROYCCAT2
Cheques payable to: Kevin Galalae	Cheques payable to: Freedom in Education.Org.

Your support would be greatly appreciated.

⁴⁵ See p. 31 in "*The Great Secret: Surveillance and Censorship in Britain and the EU*", 25 October 2010, available at: <u>https://wikispooks.com/w/images/4/4d/The_Great_Secret.pdf</u> and at <u>http://www.scribd.com/doc/46050686/The-Great-Secret-Surveillance-and-Censorship-in-Britain-and-the-EU</u>.